



Dolea

14 of March of 2007

Retail Trade Indices. Base 2005 January 2007. Provisional data

Retail sales at constant prices increased 5.0% in May compared to the same month in 2006

Eliminating the calendar effect, the interannual rate stands at 4.6%

The general retail trade index in constant terms (in other words, after eliminating the price effect) registered a 5.0% interannual increase in the month of January. Foodstuff increased 3.6%, whilst non-food produce grew 5.9%. A breakdown of the latter by type of product shows annual growth amounting to 2.4% for Personal Goods, 4.8% in Furniture and household equipment and 7.2% in Other goods.

After eliminating the calendar effect (i.e. the difference between the number of working days in a given month in different years) the retail trade index at constant prices shows a 4.6% increase 4.6%.

National Indices: general and groups

	Index	% of variation Index	Index	% of variation
		Same month previous year		Same month previous year
General Index 1983	111.8	6.6	108.6	5.0
1. Food	99.9	6.8	94.2	3.6
2. Rest	119.3	6.5	118.0	5.9
2.1 Personal Goods	128.8	3.7	134.5	2.4
2.2 Furniture and household equipment	111.7	7.7	107.6	4.8
2.3 Other goods	118.1	7.8	116.9	7.2
General Index: Calendar Effect Corrected	114.2	6.2	111.0	4.6



Annual rates (constant prices)

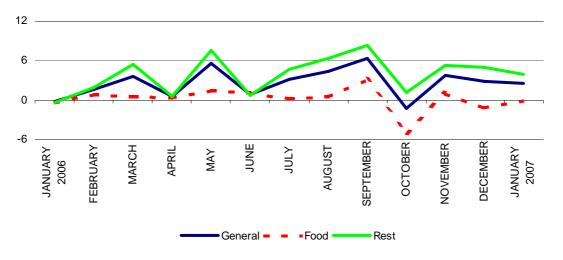
Sales in department stores presented a 2.5% increase of the interannual rate in constant terms.

The general index for department stores, which analyses the evolution of sales in premises that spread out over more than 2,500 square metres, showed a 2.5% interannual increase at constant prices in January 2007. Foodstuff decreased by 0.1%, whilst non-food produce grew 3.9%.

After removing the calendar effect, the index for department stores registered a 2.2% rate at constant prices.

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	Index	% of variation	Index	% of variation
		Same month previous year	deflated	Same month previous year
General Index 1983	119.6	4.1	116.1	2.5
1. Food	95.7	3.1	90.3	-0.1
2. Rest	131.4	4.5	130.1	3.9
General Index: Calendar Effect Corrected	121.3	3.8	117.7	2.2

Indices for department stores: general and groups



Annual rates for Department Stores (constant prices)

Castilla - La Mancha, Canarias and País Vasco are the autonomous communities with a greater interannual increase in sales

By Autonomous Communities, the highest increase in constant terms of the retail trade index in the month of January corresponded to Castilla - La Mancha (8.1%), Canarias (8.1%) and País Vasco (7.7%) and Illes Balears (7.6%).

On the other end, the lowest interannual increases are registered in Andalucía (2.4%), Aragón (2.6%) and Castilla y León (3.1%).

Indices for Autonomous Communities

	Index	Index % of variation		% of variation	
		Same month previous year	deflated	Same month previous year	
National total	111.8	6.6	108.6	5.0	
Andalucia	108.6	4.3	105.6	2.4	
Aragón	111.6	4.2	108.5	2.6	
Asturias (Principado de)	117.2	6.7	114.4	5.5	
Balears (Illes)	92.1	9.3	89.4	7.6	
Canarias	121.4	9.4	118.6	8.1	
Cantabria	112.5	7.7	108.7	5.7	
Castilla y León	109.2	5.0	105.7	3.1	
Castilla - La Mancha	112.4	9.6	109.1	8.1	
Cataluña	111.1	8.2	107.6	6.7	
Comunidad Valenciana	107.4	6.2	104.3	4.6	
Extremadura	109.8	7.6	107.1	6.0	
Galicia	111.6	6.6	108.8	5.2	
Madrid (Comunidad de)	117.6	5.0	114.2	3.5	
Murcia (Región de)	113.4	9.1	109.8	6.8	
Navarra (Comunidad Foral de)	109.4	5.6	107.0	4.6	
País Vasco	117.5	9.4	114.0	7.7	
Rioja (La)	116.5	8.9	112.8	7.2	
Ceuta	115.3	7.7	111.5	5.2	
Melilla	120.6	7.9	116.0	4.8	

Employment in the retail sector increased 1.6% in January 2007, as compared to the same month in the previous year.

The employment index (showing the evolution of employment, both for employees and selfemployed workers) yielded a 1.6% interannual growth for the whole of the retail sector, during January 2007. In department stores overall employment has increased by 4.0%.

National Occupation Indices

	Index	% variation on		
		Previous month	Same month previous year	
General Index 1983	102.2	-1.5	1.6	
Department stores	103.6	-9.5	4.0	

Región de Murcia yielded the greatest occupation rate increase with regards to the same month from the previous year

On an Autonomous Community basis, the greatest interannual employment increases have been accounted for in Región de Murcia (7.3%), Cantabria (3.9%) and Canarias (3.0%).

La Rioja is the only autonomous community where employment has decreased in comparison with the same month of the previous year.

	Index	% variation on		
		Previous month	Same month previous year	
National total	102.2	-1.5	1.6	
Andalucia	100.4	-1.8	0.3	
Aragón	103.6	-0.1	2.1	
Asturias (Principado de)	101.8	-1.6	0.5	
Balears (Illes)	98.6	0.3	1.2	
Canarias	102.8	-2.3	3.0	
Cantabria	105.0	-1.5	3.9	
Castilla y León	102.3	-0.6	1.3	
Castilla - La Mancha	103.9	-0.8	2.4	
Cataluña	100.4	-1.6	0.4	
Comunidad Valenciana	101.0	-2.3	0.8	
Extremadura	103.5	-0.4	2.2	
Galicia	104.6	-0.3	2.2	
Madrid (Comunidad de)	104.4	-2.4	3.0	
Murcia (Región de)	108.8	-2.3	7.3	
Navarra (Comunidad Foral de)	103.7	-1.0	0.4	
País Vasco	103.3	0.7	2.1	
Rioja (La)	100.5	-0.6	-0.2	
Ceuta	102.2	0.6	-0.3	
Melilla	104.5	-0.5	3.8	

Occupation Indices for Autonomous Communities

For further information see INEbase-www.ine.es	All press releases at: www.ine.es/prensa/prensa.htm

Press office: Telephone numbers: 91 583 93 63 / 94 08 – Fax: 91 583 90 87 - gprensa@ine.es Information area: Telephone: 91 583 91 00 – Fax: 91 583 91 58 – www.ine.es/infoine