

5th January 2021

Total expenditure survey
November 2020. Provisional data

Total expenditure by international tourists visiting Spain in November decreases by 90.8% compared with the same month of 2019

During the first eleven months of 2020, the total expenditure by international tourists reaching 19,044 million euros. In the same period of the previous year, it reached 86,901 million

Regarding November 2019, average expenditure per tourist stands at 1,022 euros, 6.0% less

Total expenditure made by international tourists visiting Spain in November reached 467 million euros, representing a decrease of 90.8% as compared to the same month of 2019.

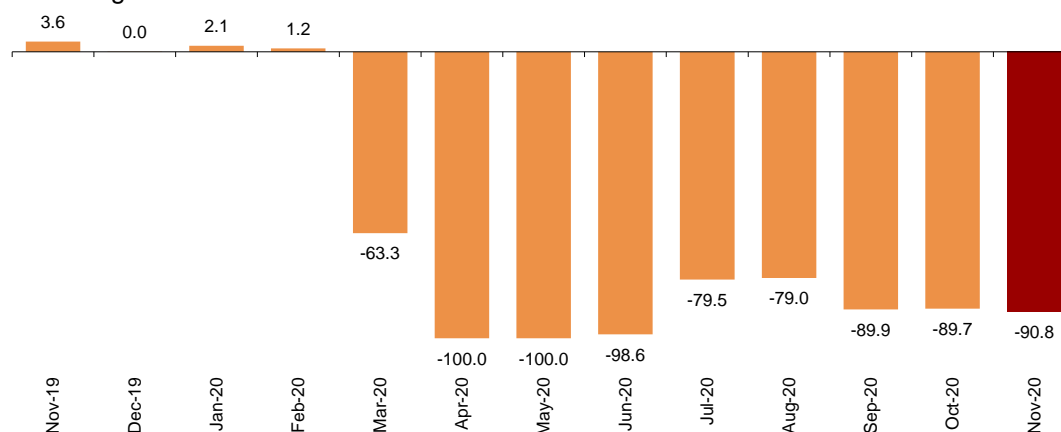
The average expenditure per tourist stood at 1,022 euros, with an annual decrease of 6.0%. On the other hand, the average daily expenditure decreased by 28.9%, up to 115 euros.

The average stay by international tourists was 8.9 days, indicating an increase of 2.2 days compared to the average November 2019.

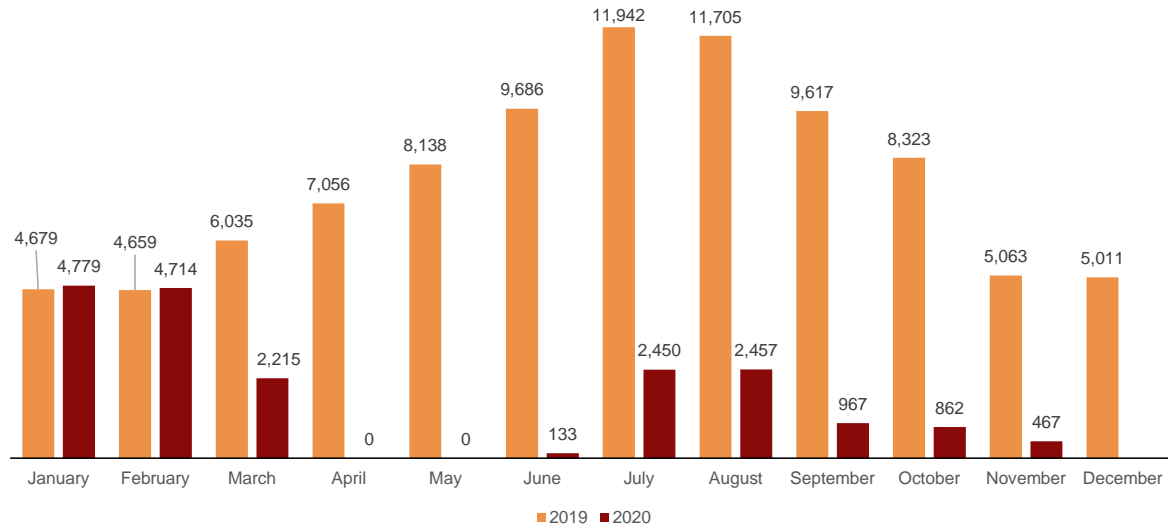
During the first eleven months of 2020, the total expenditure by international tourists decreased by 78.1%, as compared with the same period of the previous year, reaching 19,044 million euros.

Annual variation rate of total international tourist expenditure

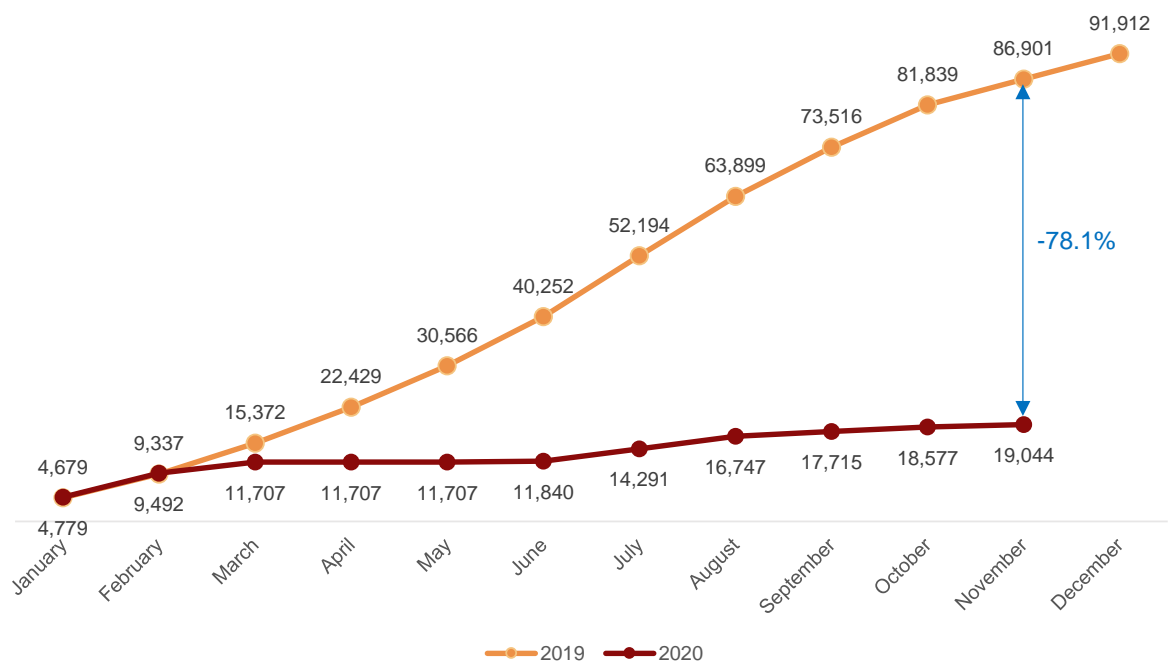
Percentage



International tourist expenditure. Comparative 2019-2020
Millions of euros



International tourist cumulated expenditure. Comparative 2019-2020
Millions of euros



Sending countries

The main sending countries, in terms of level of expenditure in November were United Kingdom (accounting for 21.2% of the total), Germany (18.6%) and France (8.3%).

Expenditure by tourists from United Kingdom decreased by 87.9% in the annual rate, by those from Germany by 86.0% and by those from France by 88.8%.

International tourist expenditure by country of residence

	November 2020							
	Total expenditure (millions of €)	Annual variation	Average expenditure by tourist (€)	Annual variation	Daily average expenditure (€)	Annual variation	Average duration of the trips	Annual variation
TOTAL	467	-90.8	1,022	-6.0	115	-28.9	8.9	32.2
Germany	87	-86.0	1,136	4.4	123	-8.6	9.3	14.2
France	39	-88.8	581	-3.3	79	-18.4	7.3	18.5
Italy	16	-92.2	750	6.9	123	-7.5	6.1	15.5
Nordic Countries	29	-94.9	1,553	17.0	115	-27.2	13.5	60.6
United Kingdom	99	-87.9	1,125	20.2	102	-24.5	11.1	59.2
Rest of the world	198	-92.1	1,064	-18.7	130	-37.7	8.2	30.5

During the first eleven months of 2020, the United Kingdom was the country with the largest cumulative expenditure (15.8% of the total). It was followed by Germany (13.3%) and France (12.2%)

International tourist cumulated expenditure by country of residence

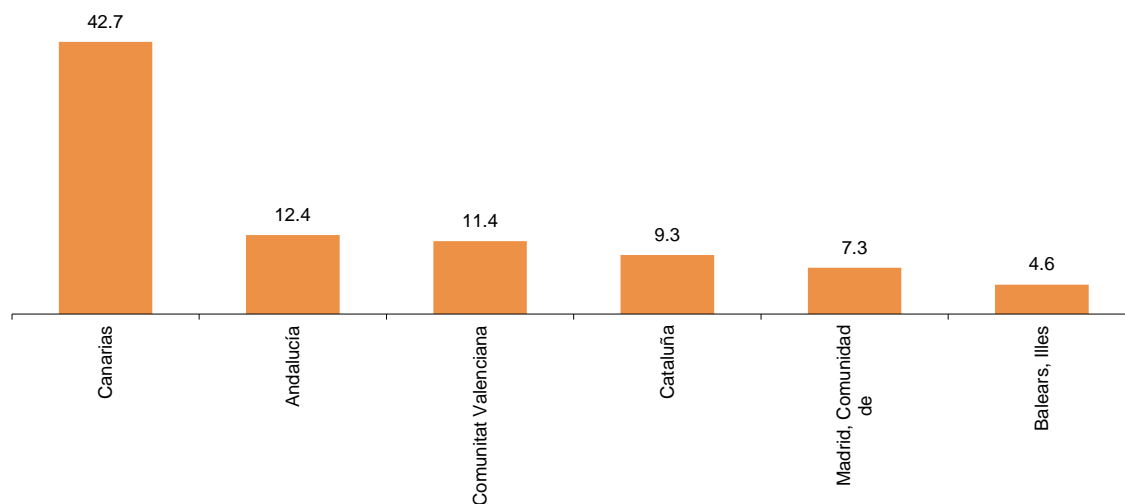
	Year 2020		
	Total expenditure (millions of €)	Percentage	Annual variation
TOTAL	19,044	100.0	-78.1
Germany	2,525	13.3	-77.3
France	2,321	12.2	-68.0
Italy	737	3.9	-77.8
Nordic Countries	1,462	7.7	-76.7
United Kingdom	3,015	15.8	-82.3
Rest of the world	8,984	47.2	-78.6

Main destination Autonomous Communities

The main destination Autonomous Communities with the greatest weight in total tourist expenditure in November were Canarias (with 42.7% of the total), Andalucía (12.4%) and Comunitat Valenciana (11.4%).

Total expenditure by main destination Autonomous Community

Percentage



The tourist expenditure decreased by 86.6% in Canarias, by 91.4% in Andalucía and by 89.7% in Comunitat Valenciana.

The remaining main destination Autonomous Communities of tourists showed negative annual rate variations.

International tourist expenditure by Autonomous Community main destination

	November 2020							
	Total expenditure (millions of €)	Annual variation	Average expenditure by tourist (€)	Annual variation	Daily average expenditure (€)	Annual variation	Average duration of the trips	Annual variation
TOTAL	467	-90.8	1,022	-6.0	115	-28.9	8.9	32.2
Canarias	199	-86.6	1,241	-1.8	141	-10.1	8.8	9.3
Andalucía	58	-91.4	1,177	7.4	94	-27.0	12.5	47.1
Comunitat Valenciana	53	-89.7	989	3.2	88	-29.8	11.2	47.1
Cataluña	43	-95.5	736	-20.6	110	-45.1	6.7	44.7
Madrid, Comunidad de	34	-96.1	1,036	-20.1	169	-36.4	6.1	25.6
Balears, Illes	22	-88.5	1,074	4.3	104	-18.2	10.3	27.5
Rest of ACs	58	-84.3	708	-16.9	91	-25.9	7.7	12.1

During the first eleven months of 2020, the main destination Autonomous Communities with more cumulative expenditure were Canarias (with 23.9% of the total), Cataluña (18.7%) and Andalucía (14.7%).

International tourist cumulated expenditure by Autonomous Community main destination

	Year 2020		
	Total expenditure (millions of €)	Percentage	Annual variation
TOTAL	19,044	100.0	-78.1
Canarias	4,552	23.9	-70.4
Cataluña	3,555	18.7	-82.4
Andalucía	2,796	14.7	-76.2
Comunitat Valenciana	2,391	12.6	-73.7
Madrid, Comunidad de	2,221	11.7	-77.0
Balears, Illes	1,812	9.5	-87.7
Rest of ACs	1,717	9.0	-72.0

Expenditure items

The expenditure on activities was the most important items, representing 21.8% of the total expenditure and a decrease of 90.4% with respect November 2019.

The following items were expenditure on food and drinks and expenditure on accommodation (excluded on tourist package), which accounted for 17.6% and 17.1% of the total, respectively. The former decreased by 89.4% in the annual rate and the latter by 88.5%.

International tourist expenditure by expenditure categories

	November 2020		
	Total (millions of euros)	Percentage	Annual variation
TOTAL	467	100.0	-90.8
Expenditure on tourist package	72	15.5	-92.8
Expenditure excluded on tourist package	395	84.5	-90.3
- Expenditure on international transport	78	16.7	-92.7
- Expenditure on accommodation	80	17.1	-88.5
- Expenditure on food and drinks	82	17.6	-89.4
- Expenditure on activities	102	21.8	-90.4
- Other expenditure	53	11.4	-88.6

Main type of accommodation, method of organization and main reason for the trip

55.9% of total tourist expenditure in November was made by tourists staying at hotels, with an annual decrease of 92.0%. On the other hand, expenditure in rest rented accommodation decreased by 83.8%.

Expenditure by tourists not travelling with a tourist package (which represented 77.2% of the total) decreased by 89.8% in the annual rate. For those who contract a tourist package, it decreased by 93.0%.

In terms of the reasons for travel, tourists visiting Spain for leisure generated 69.6% of the total expenditure (spending 92.1% less than in November 2019).

International tourist expenditure by main type of accommodation, type of organization and main purpose of the trip

	November 2020							
	Total expenditure (millions of €)	Annual variation	Average expenditure by tourist (€)	Annual variation	Daily average expenditure (€)	Annual variation	Average duration of the trips	Annual variation
TOTAL (*)	467	-90.8	1,022	-6.0	115	-28.9	8.9	32.2
Rented accommodation	329	-92.2	1,118	-0.6	158	-17.0	7.1	19.8
- Hotel accommodation	261	-92.0	1,090	1.6	177	-19.1	6.2	25.6
- Rest rented accommodation	68	-93.0	1,236	-7.4	112	-15.5	11.1	9.6
Non rented accommodation	138	-83.8	850	-9.4	70	-24.7	12.2	20.3
TOTAL	467	-90.8	1,022	-6.0	115	-28.9	8.9	32.2
Without tourist package	360	-89.8	966	-10.1	106	-31.3	9.1	30.9
With tourist package	107	-93.0	1,275	13.7	159	-12.0	8.0	29.2
TOTAL	467	-90.8	1,022	-6.0	115	-28.9	8.9	32.2
Leisure	325	-92.1	1,083	0.9	120	-26.3	9.0	36.9
Work	75	-87.0	968	-17.0	148	-37.3	6.5	32.3
Other motives	67	-82.9	845	-25.0	79	-24.1	10.7	-1.1

(*): It is distinguished two main groups of accommodation, depending on whether there was a monetary transaction or not: rented accommodation (payment accommodation; hotels, renting accommodation, camping site, rural accommodation and other rented accommodation) or non rented accommodation (own dwelling, family or friends dwellings and other non rented accommodation)

Stopovers on trips and overnight stays by Autonomous Communities

Stopovers¹ on trips by international tourists in November decreased by 90.9% in the annual rate. Of them, 32.6% were carried out in Canarias (with a decrease of 86.5%).

On the other hand, the total number of overnight stays by international tourists in all types of accommodation (hotels, holiday dwellings, own homes, homes of relatives or friends, rented dwelling, etc.) reached 4.0 million, representing a decrease of 87.0%.

Canarias was the Autonomous Community with the most overnight stays (1.4 million, 85.1% less than in November 2019). It was followed by Comunitat Valenciana (618,559 overnight stays and a decrease of 85.3%) and Andalucía (606,184, 89.0% less).

Stopovers and overnight stays by Autonomous Community of destination

	November 2020					
	Number of stopovers	Percentage	Annual variation	Number of overnight stays	Percentage	Annual variation
TOTAL	506,646	100.0	-90.9	4,067,850	100.0	-87.0
Canarias	164,986	32.6	-86.5	1,412,631	34.7	-85.1
Cataluña	65,345	12.9	-94.8	391,398	9.6	-91.9
Comunitat Valenciana	62,079	12.3	-89.8	618,559	15.2	-85.3
Andalucía	59,899	11.8	-94.0	606,184	14.9	-89.0
Madrid, Comunidad de	36,168	7.1	-95.0	193,360	4.8	-93.3
Balears, Illes	21,931	4.3	-89.5	208,748	5.1	-86.0
Rest of ACs	96,238	19.0	-83.2	636,970	15.7	-79.0

¹ A stopover refers to each overnight stay made during the trip. A trip may have as many stopovers as intermediate destinations where the traveller has stayed at least one night.

Note regarding COVID-19's impact on the statistical operations FRONTUR and EGATUR in November 2020

The end of the state of alarm in force since March 17, 2020 has not meant the suppression of access controls to Spain through the different routes, so that, although since June 21 it is no longer in force, they have happened different orders that have restricted the free access of travelers to Spain. In the month of August, the current regulations, which to a large extent had already been established in the preceding months, are those collected by Order INT / 657/2020, of July 17, *by which the criteria for the application of a temporary restriction of non-essential trips from third countries to the European Union and Schengen associated countries are modified for reasons of public order and public health due to the health crisis caused by COVID-19.* (BOE n. 196, July 18), modified by Order INT / 734/2020, of July 30, (BOE n. 207, July 31), Order INT / 805/2020, of August 28, (BOE n. 232, August 29), Order INT / 851/2020, of September 14, (BOE n. 247, September 16), Order INT / 913/2020, of September 29, (BOE n. 259, September 30) and Order INT / 1006/2020, of October 29, (BOE n. 287, October 30).

These orders establish access restrictions from third countries, establishing a specific list of countries, whose residents are not affected by the restrictions. This list is being updated in different orders depending on the health evolution of the different countries.

Therefore, in determining the number of visitors estimated by the FRONTUR-EGATUR statistics, a series of restrictions consistent with the aforementioned orders have been taken into account.

These restrictions have been limited to the port and airport access routes, where visitors who access Spain from third countries outside the European Schengen area have not been considered, beyond the countries explicitly detailed in the orders mentioned above.

However, both the exceptions established by the aforementioned provisions and the way in which data collection is carried out determine that there are some aspects of the operation that must be taken into account in November, consistent with their treatment in the preceding months.

Citizens of Spanish nationality residing in other countries are allowed access to Spanish territory, even outside the list of countries mentioned above, as well as other travelers with justified cause that could be considered, in some cases, visitors. However, the small volume of these flows and the impossibility of their accurate characterization advise against their accounting.

Throughout the month of November the survey process has continued, despite the new conditions of access to the places where it occurs and the interviewees themselves, derived from the health crisis, have not yet allowed its full development, for what the possible difficulties derived from this fact are being solved with the usual sample complement mechanisms designed by the own methodology of this statistical operation.

Taking all these aspects into account, it has been possible to build, with sufficient guarantee, the usual monthly estimators and, therefore, **the INE considers that the data provided by the statistics of FRONTUR and EGATUR are of sufficient quality to be disseminated and used by regular users of these operations.**

Methodological note

The main objective of the Tourist Expenditure Survey (EGATUR) is to obtain monthly information on the tourist expenditure made by non-residents in Spain in their trips to our country.

For the preparation of EGATUR the international definitions and recommendations of the UNWTO and EUROSTAT in this field are followed.

Type of operation: continuous monthly statistics.

Population scope: this refers to non-residents in Spain who enter our country, whether or not they have stayed overnight, as well as those who pass through our country in transit.

Geographical scope: the entire national territory. The sample is collected at the main access points for non-resident travellers (road, airport, port and rail).

Reference period of the results: the month.

Sample size: The theoretical annual sample size of EGATUR exceeds 127,000 surveys, which are distributed throughout the year according to the seasonality of the flow of passengers and to the sample design, which is defined for each access road independently, setting a fraction of the sub-sampling from the FRONTUR sample.

Type of sampling: Single-stage, where the estimates of the FRONTUR survey are used as the target population to which the EGATUR data are elevated.

Collection method: The collection of information is carried out by direct interview when the traveler leaves Spain, using a multilingual electronic questionnaire. It must be taken into account that visitors are surveyed at the time of leaving the country, so the information collected may refer to a longer period than that of the reference month.

A more complete tabulation plan with the main series of aggregates, as well as the microdata file for the reference month, is available on the INE website.

For more information you can access the methodology at:

http://www.ine.es/en/daco/daco42/frontur/frontur_egatur_metodologia_en.pdf

And the standardised methodological report at:

<http://www.ine.es/dynt3/metadatos/en/RespuestaDatos.html?oe=16029>

Statistics from INE are prepared in accordance with the European Statistics Code of Practice, which is the basis of the Institution's quality policy and strategy. For more information, consult the section [Quality in the INE and Code of Practice](#) on the INE website.

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Tourist Expenditure Survey

Egatur

November 2020

Provisional data

1. International tourist expenditure by country of residence

	Monthly data							
	Total expenditure (millions of €)	Annual variation	Average expenditure by tourist	Annual variation	Daily average expenditure	Annual variation	Average duration of trips	Annual variation
TOTAL	467	-90.77	1,022	-6.00	115	-28.88	8.9	32.17
Germany	87	-86.00	1,136	4.39	123	-8.57	9.3	14.18
France	39	-88.80	581	-3.32	79	-18.39	7.3	18.47
Italy	16	-92.18	750	6.86	123	-7.46	6.1	15.48
Nordic countries	29	-94.90	1,553	16.96	115	-27.17	13.5	60.60
United Kingdom	99	-87.86	1,125	20.16	102	-24.53	11.1	59.22
Rest of the world	198	-92.13	1,064	-18.66	130	-37.66	8.2	30.47

2. International tourist expenditure by Autonomous Community main destination

	Monthly data							
	Total expenditure (millions of €)	Annual variation	Average expenditure by tourist	Annual variation	Daily average expenditure	Annual variation	Average duration of trips	Annual variation
TOTAL	467	-90.77	1,022	-6.00	115	-28.88	8.9	32.17
Andalucía	58	-91.39	1,177	7.44	94	-26.97	12.5	47.11
Balears, Illes	22	-88.53	1,074	4.26	104	-18.22	10.3	27.49
Canarias	199	-86.55	1,241	-1.81	141	-10.13	8.8	9.26
Cataluña	43	-95.54	736	-20.61	110	-45.11	6.7	44.65
Comunitat Valenciana	53	-89.71	989	3.22	88	-29.82	11.2	47.09
Madrid, Comunidad de	34	-96.06	1,036	-20.08	169	-36.39	6.1	25.63
Rest of ACs	58	-84.29	708	-16.91	91	-25.89	7.7	12.11

3. International tourist expenditure by main type of accommodation

	Monthly data							
	Total expenditure (millions of €)	Annual variation	Average expenditure by tourist	Annual variation	Daily average expenditure	Annual variation	Average duration of trips	Annual variation
TOTAL	467	-90.77	1,022	-6.00	115	-28.88	8.9	32.17
Rented accommodation	329	-92.19	1,118	-0.55	158	-16.95	7.1	19.75
- Hotel accommodation	261	-91.95	1,090	1.60	177	-19.11	6.2	25.61
- Rest rented accommodation	68	-92.99	1,236	-7.39	112	-15.53	11.1	9.64
Non-rented accommodation	138	-83.79	850	-9.40	70	-24.70	12.2	20.31

4. International tourist expenditure by type of organization

	Monthly data							
	Total expenditure (millions of €)	Annual variation	Average expenditure by tourist	Annual variation	Daily average expenditure	Annual variation	Average duration of trips	Annual variation
TOTAL	467	-90.77	1,022	-6.00	115	-28.88	8.9	32.17
Without tourist package	360	-89.81	966	-10.06	106	-31.28	9.1	30.88
With tourist package	107	-93.01	1,275	13.71	159	-11.96	8.0	29.15

Tourist Expenditure Survey

Egatur

November 2020

Provisional data

5. International tourist cumulated expenditure by country of residence

	Cumulative data							
	Total expenditure (millions of €)	Annual variation	Average expenditure by tourist	Annual variation	Daily average expenditure	Annual variation	Average duration of trips	Annual variation
TOTAL	19,044	-78.09	1,040	-5.20	135	-13.23	7.7	9.26
Germany	2,525	-77.28	1,085	4.07	124	-10.71	8.7	16.56
France	2,321	-67.95	625	-8.57	88	-10.66	7.1	2.35
Italy	737	-77.78	798	1.75	123	-6.64	6.5	8.99
Nordic countries	1,462	-76.72	1,268	4.36	141	-5.40	9.0	10.32
United Kingdom	3,015	-82.33	984	-0.65	120	-11.51	8.2	12.27
Rest of the world	8,984	-78.55	1,260	-5.74	168	-14.04	7.5	9.66

6. International tourist cumulated expenditure by Autonomous Community main destination

	Cumulative data							
	Total expenditure (millions of €)	Annual variation	Average expenditure by tourist	Annual variation	Daily average expenditure	Annual variation	Average duration of trips	Annual variation
TOTAL	19,044	-78.09	1,040	-5.20	135	-13.23	7.7	9.26
Andalucía	2,796	-76.19	1,058	3.25	113	-9.04	9.3	13.52
Balears, Illes	1,812	-87.68	1,066	-1.72	139	-14.12	7.6	14.44
Canarias	4,552	-70.37	1,271	-1.15	151	0.69	8.4	-1.82
Cataluña	3,555	-82.43	941	-14.54	161	-18.61	5.9	5.00
Comunitat Valenciana	2,391	-73.66	965	-3.43	95	-11.99	10.1	9.72
Madrid, Comunidad de	2,221	-77.00	1,338	-1.43	236	-12.72	5.7	12.93
Rest of ACs	1,717	-71.95	695	-12.99	100	-16.04	7.0	3.62

7. International tourist cumulated expenditure by main type of accommodation

	Cumulative data							
	Total expenditure (millions of €)	Annual variation	Average expenditure by tourist	Annual variation	Daily average expenditure	Annual variation	Average duration of trips	Annual variation
TOTAL	19,044	-78.09	1,040	-5.20	135	-13.23	7.7	9.26
Rented accommodation	14,670	-79.90	1,089	-3.01	171	-6.26	6.4	3.47
- Hotel accommodation	10,947	-80.58	1,049	-2.93	201	-2.43	5.2	-0.51
- Rest rented accommodation	3,723	-77.58	1,226	-5.19	120	-9.65	10.2	4.94
Non-rented accommodation	4,374	-68.57	904	-7.77	78	-9.43	11.6	1.83

8. International tourist cumulated expenditure by type of organization

	Cumulative data							
	Total expenditure (millions of €)	Annual variation	Average expenditure by tourist	Annual variation	Daily average expenditure	Annual variation	Average duration of trips	Annual variation
TOTAL	19,044	-78.09	1,040	-5.20	135	-13.23	7.7	9.26
Without tourist package	14,507	-76.31	1,004	-6.92	127	-14.58	7.9	8.96
With tourist package	4,537	-82.31	1,177	2.79	168	-3.59	7.0	6.62

Tourist Expenditure Survey

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November 2020

Provisional data

9. International tourist expenditure by categories

	Total expenditure (millions of €)	Annual variation
TOTAL	467	-90.77
Expenditure on tourist package	72	-92.84
Expenditure excluded on tourist package	395	-90.26
- Expenditure on international transport	78	-92.65
- Expenditure on accommodation	80	-88.54
- Expenditure on food and drinks	82	-89.39
- Expenditure on activities	102	-90.35
- Other expenditure	53	-88.59

EGATUR (TABLE ANNEX)

November 2020

(3/3)

5 January 2021