

06 July 2022

Working Life of People with Disabilities (WLPD)¹ Year 2020

Main results

- In 2020, 10.2% of persons who were in some way associated with Social Security had an officially recognized disability.
- Of these, 77.7% had nothing to do with² Social Security beyond a contributory pension at some point in the year. This percentage was 56.6 points lower than that of non-disabled persons.
- Of these, for 7.8% the only³ interaction was through entering into employment (at least one day in the year), compared to 43.1 percent of people without disabilities.
- Persons with disabilities who were registered for employment registered an average of 1.56 times, compared to 1.83 of those who did not have a disability.
- In 2020, 37.0% of employment affiliations for persons with disabilities were permanent contracts, compared to 32.6% for persons without disabilities.
- Age of fist employment registration for persons with disabilities was 20.8 years, 1.1 years younger than those without disabilities.

Effects of COVID-19

Due to COVID-19, several indicators in this publication show unusual variations. What was primarily affected was the number of affiliates with a registered employment relationship and recipients of unemployment benefits, as well as data relating to registered labor affiliations (duration, contribution regime, etc.).

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¹ These are persons with a degree of disability greater than or equal to 33% and who have been assimilated (according to Royal Legislative Decree 1/2013). The PLPD is obtained by crossing the Social Security Ongoing Sample of Professional Life with the State Database of Persons with Disabilities (SDPD) frp, the IMSERSO (see the methodological note on page 10 for more information on how the PLPD is elaborated)

² If the receipt of a contributory pension is taken into account combined with other situations, 85.4% of persons with disabilities associated with Social Security in 2020 were pensioners at some point in the year. This percentage was 23.2% in the population without disabilities.

³ If we take dismissal from employment into account in combination with other situations, 19.5% of persons (624,900) were discharged from employment at some point in the year. This percentage was 55.1 points lower than that recorded for the non-disabled population.

Characteristics of persons affiliated with Social Security

Of the total number of persons aged 16 or over (31,330,300) who had some type of relationship with Social Security in 2020, 3,196,500 (10.2% of the total) had a disability.

For 77.7%, this relationship consisted solely of receiving a pension, compared to 21.1% of persons without disabilities.

A total of 249,100 persons with disabilities (7.8%) were affiliated with Social Security exclusively because they were registered for work at least one day during the year, compared to 43.1% in the case of persons without disabilities.

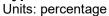
The remaining 14.5% of people with disabilities had some interaction with Social Security in 2020, received unemployment benefits or were in various situations throughout the year: pensioner and entry into employment, unemployment and entry, etc.

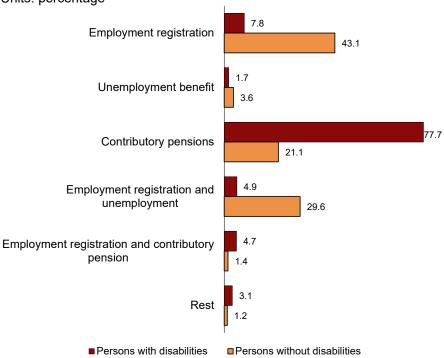
Type of relationship with Social Security. Year 2020

Units: thousands of persons and percentage

	Total		Persons without disabilities		Persons with disabilities	
	Absolute V.	Percentages	Absolute V.	Percentages	Absolute V.	Percentages
TOTAL	31,330.3	100.0	28,133.8	100.0	3,196.5	100.0
Employment registration	12,385.6	39.5	12,136.5	43.1	249.1	7.8
Unemployment benefit	1,061.9	3.4	1,007.2	3.6	54.7	1.7
Contributory pensions	8,418.7	26.9	5,935.5	21.1	2,483.2	77.7
Employment registration and unemployment	8,485.5	27.1	8,328.1	29.6	157.4	4.9
Employment registration and contributory pension	554.3	1.8	402.7	1.4	151.6	4.7
Rest	424.4	1.4	323.8	1.2	100.6	3.1

Type of relationship with Social Security. Year 2020





Evolution of persons who had some type of relationship with Social Security

The total population with some relationship to Social Security decreased by 328,300 persons (-1.0%) compared to 2019.

In the case of registered affiliates with disabilities, there was a decrease of 1,400 persons (-0.2%). For their part, persons without disabilities fell by 632,300 (2.9%).

Finally, in 2020, pensioners with disabilities grew by 41,600 (1.5%). In the case of persons without disabilities, this figure was 24,700 (0.4%).

Evolution of persons with some type of relationship with Social Security

Units: thousands of individuals

	2017	2018	2019	2020
TOTAL				
Total	30,637.5	31,135.6	31,658.6	31,330.3
Persons without disabilities	27,595.2	28,030.1	28,529.6	28,133.8
Persons with disabilities	3,042.3	3,105.5	3,129.0	3,196.5
AFIILIATED TO SOCIAL SECURITY				
Total	21,314.2	21,832.6	22,264.5	21,630.8
Persons without disabilities	20,732.5	21,211.5	21,638.2	21,005.9
Persons with disabilities	581.7	621.2	626.3	624.9
PENSIONER OF SOCIAL SECURITY	/			
Total	8,990.4	9,114.0	9,200.5	9,266.8
Persons without disabilities	6,366.6	6,450.9	6,513.8	6,538.5
Persons with disabilities	2,623.8	2,663.1	2,686.8	2,728.3

Characteristics of persons registered with Social Security

The most notable aspect of the group of persons with disabilities is their low participation in the labour market. This makes them less likely to have registered to work.

A total of 624,900 people with disabilities were registered at some point during the year, either exclusively or in rotation with another type of situation. This represented 19.5% of the total number of people with disabilities who had some kind of relationship with Social Security. This percentage was more than 55 points lower than for the population without disabilities (74.7%).

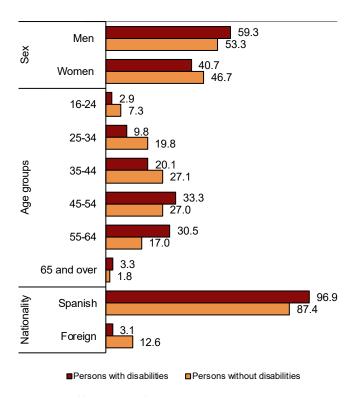
Among persons with disabilities, the distribution by sex showed a higher relative percentage of men.

On the other hand, the population with disabilities that registered for work at some point in 2020 was concentrated in the higher age groups (more than 67% were over 45). The greatest difference occurred in the 55-64 age bracket - with 30.5% of people with disabilities - compared to 17.0% of the population without disabilities.

By nationality, there was a lower proportion of foreigners among those with disabilities (3.1%, compared to 12.6% without disabilities).

Demographic characteristics of the population registered for employment with Social Security, 2020.

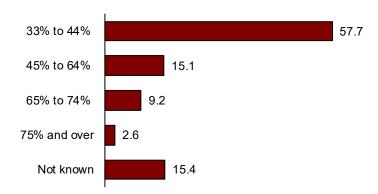
Units: percentage



Participation in the labour market is heavily determined by the type and intensity of the disability. Among persons registered with Social Security at some point in 2020, the weight of those with a lower degree of disability was 57.7%. This progressively decreased to 2.6% with higher degrees of disability.

Distribution of the disabled population registered for employment according to degree of disability. Year 2020

Units: percentage

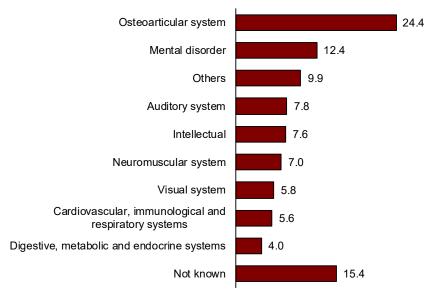


^(*) The group 'Not known' consists of pensioners who have a recognised permanent disability pension and are not registered in the SDPD.

The persons with deficiencies in the *osteoarticular system* represented 24.4% of those with disabilities in employment registration. The lowest representation corresponded to the type of disability associated with the *digestive*, *metabolic and endocrine systems*, with 4.0%.

Distribution of the disabled population registered for employment according to type of disability. Year 2020

Units: percentage



(*)The group "Others" includes persons with expressive language disorders, indeterminate or unkown disabilities and also Social Security affiliates for whom the type of disabilities is not avalaible.

The group 'Not known' consists of pensioners who have a recognised permanent disability pension and are not registered in the SDPD.

Affiliations in employment registration with Social Security

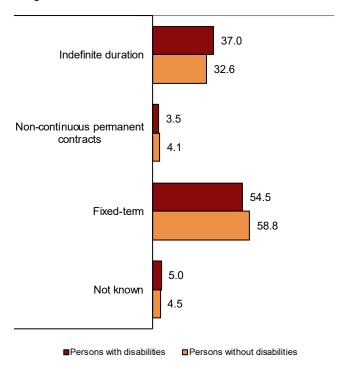
People with disabilities reported 974,600 employment registrations in Social Security in 2020. That is, 1.56 per member. In the case of persons without disabilities, each affiliate had an average of 1.83 registrations. The fact that 57.3% of the affiliations of people with disabilities were registered throughout the year, compared to 49.8% of people without disabilities, explains this difference.

Furthermore, 76.7% of affiliates with disabilities had only one registration during the year, compared with 70.0% for those without a disability.

In 2020, a total of 37.0% of employment affiliations for persons with disabilities were permanent contracts, compared to 32.6% in the case of persons without disabilities.

Distribution of employment affiliations according to type of contract. Year 2020

Units: percentage



Characteristics of persons who receive a contributory Social Security pension

Since having a permanent disability pension means that someone is considered disabled, we find a greater number of persons with disabilities among pensioners.

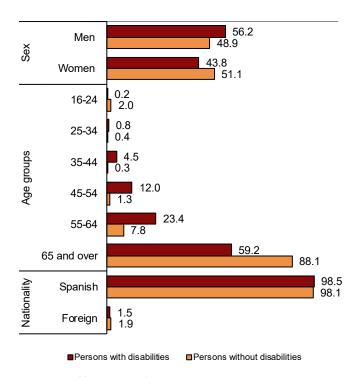
Of the total number of people with disabilities who in 2020 had some relationship with Social Security, 2,728,300 received a contributory pension. This figure accounted for 85.4% of the total, compared to 23.2% for people without disabilities.

Men had a greater weight among pensioners with disabilities than among those without (56.2% compared to 48.9%).

In the group of people over 65 years of age did persons with disabilities had a significantly lower representation among pensioners (59.2% versus 88.1% among people without disabilities).

Demographic characteristics of the population with a contributory Social Security pension. Year 2020

Units: percentage

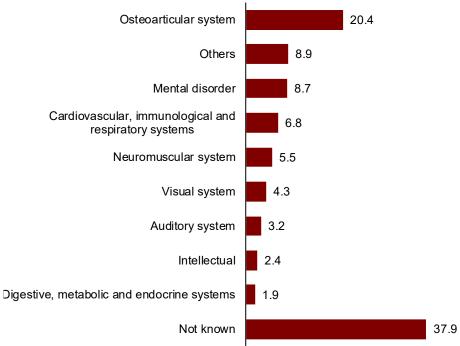


As for the type and degree of disability of pensioners, there is a predominance of persons with Osteoarticular System (20.4%) deficiencies, along with persons with a disability degree of 33% to 44% (25.7%).

In 2020, 37.9% of disabled pensioners who had a recognized permanent disability and were not registered in the State Database of People with Disabilities (SDPD). These individuals were not assigned a type and degree of disability.

Distribution of the disabled population with a contributory Social Security pension, according to type of disability. Year 2020

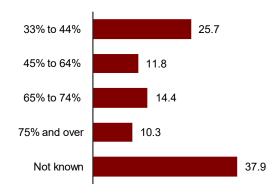
Units: percentage



^(*)The group "Others" includes persons with expressiv^le language disorders, indeterminate or unkown disabilities and also Social Security affiliates for whom the type of disabilities is not available.

Distribution of the disabled population with a contributory Social Security pension, according to degree of disability. Year 2020

Units: percentage



^(*) The group 'Not known' consists of pensioners who have a recognised permanent disability pension and are not registered in the SDPD.

The group 'Not known' consists of pensioners who have a recognised permanent disability pension and are not registered in the SDPD.

Age of first employment registration (for those born after 1960)

Using the historical information of the Ongoing Sample of Professional Life (OSPL), we obtain the age indicator for the first employment registration. This indicator is calculated for is all those persons born after 1960, who have some relationship with Social Security in the reference year and who have been registered for employment at some time in their life.

According to the OSPL guide, certain prior affiliation relationships may not be registered in the databases. The OSPL reflects only a small part of the labour relations prior to 1966 and there are gaps in some of the years immediately afterwards. For this reason, the date of first enrolment should not be equated with the first job. On the other hand, it must be taken into account that the OSPL for the reference year does not include those people who have died or who have left the system.

Age of fist employment registration for persons with disabilities is 20.8 years, 1.1 years younger than those without disabilities.

In general, people with disabilities have a slightly lower age of first employment registration than people without disabilities. The exceptions are young people between the ages of 16 and 29 and foreigners.

Age of first employment registration (for those born after 1960) Year 2020

	_Total	Persons without disabilities	Persons with disabilities
	Absolute V.	V.absolutos	V.absolutos
TOTAL	21.9	21.9	20.8
SEX			
Men	21.3	21.4	20.0
Women	22.5	22.5	22.0
AGE GROUPS			
16-29	20.0	20.0	20.1
30-34	20.4	20.4	19.6
35-39	20.9	21.0	19.3
40-44	22.1	22.1	20.2
45-49	22.5	22.7	20.4
50-54	23.4	23.5	21.4
55-59	23.6	23.9	21.5
60-64	22.6	22.9	20.6
NATIONALITY			

20.7

29.6

Revision and updating of data

Spanish

Foreign

The INE is releasing the revised tables for the years 2016 to 2019 together with today's publication. The reason for review was to classify labour relations with contribution regimes 0531 - R.E. Self-Employed (Provided cessation of activity) and 0831 - RE Mar (Self-Employed Provided cessation of activity) as unemployment. In previous data these had been included as employment dismissal. The results are available at INEBase.

20.8

29.6

20.4

31.2

Methodological note

The aim of the PLPD is to obtain information about the professional life of people with disabilities, in comparative terms with people without disabilities. It is based on data from administrative records, specifically from the Social Security Ongoing Sample of Professional Life (MCVL) and the State Database of People with Disabilities (SDPD) of the IMSERSO, entities with which the INE has signed a Collaboration agreement. It has also benefited from collaboration with the Spanish Committee of Representatives of People with Disabilities (CERMI) and the ONCE Foundation.

For the purposes of this statistic, persons with disabilities are considered to be those with a degree of disability equal to or greater than 33% and similar, according to Legislative Royal Decree 1/2013. By virtue of Royal Legislative Decree 1/2013, which approved the Consolidated Text of the *General Law on rights for persons with disabilities and their social inclusion*, social security pensioners who also have a recognized disability pension to the degree of total, long-term or severe disability will be considered as having a degree of disability greater than or equal to 33%, and state pensioners who have a retirement pension or retirement due to permanent incapacity or unfitness for work.

The PLPD is contemplated in the National Statistical Plan and in the Annual Programs.

Type of operation: Continuous annual survey.

Population scope: Persons aged 16 and over with an officially recognized degree of disability greater than or equal to 33% and similar, who have had some relationship with Social Security, either as a member or as a pensioner, for at least one day in the reference year.

Geographical scope: The entire national territory.

Reference period of the results and information: Annual.

Source data: integration of statistical data provided by the Social Security Ongoing Sample of Professional Life with administrative data registered in the IMSERSO State Database of Persons with Disabilities.

For more information, the methodology can found at: http://www.ine.es//metodologia/t22/vlpd meto.pdf

And the standardised methodological report at: http://www.ine.es/dynt3/metadatos/es/RespuestaDatos.html?oe=30332

INE statistics are produced in accordance with the Code of Good Practice for European Statistics, which is the basis for the institution's quality policy and strategy. For more information see the section on Quality at INE and the Code of Best Practices on the INE website.

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Disability⁽¹⁾and Social Security status

1. Persons according to Social Security status

Year 2020. Absolute figures in thousands

	Total		Persons without disabilities		Persons with disabilities	
	Absolute V.	Percentages	Absolute V.	Percentages	Absolute V.	Percentages
TOTAL	31,330.3	100.0	28,133.8	100.0	3,196.5	100.0
Employment registration	12,385.6	39.5	12,136.5	43.1	249.1	7.8
Unemployment benefit	1,061.9	3.4	1,007.2	3.6	54.7	1.7
Contributory pensions	8,418.7	26.9	5,935.5	21.1	2,483.2	77.7
Employment registration and unemployment	8,485.5	27.1	8,328.1	29.6	157.4	4.9
Employment registration and contributory						
pension	554.3	1.8	402.7	1.4	151.6	4.7
Rest	424.4	1.4	323.8	1.2	100.6	3.1

⁽¹⁾ These are persons with a degree of disability greater than or equal to 33% and who have been assimilated (according to Royal Legislative Decree 1/2013).

2. People who have had a relationship with Social Security Year 2020. Absolute figures in thousands

	Total	_TotalF		Persons without disabilities		Persons with disabilities	
	Absolute V.	Percentages	Absolute V.	Percentages	Absolute V.	Percentages	
TOTAL	31,330.3	100.0	28,133.8	100.0	3,196.5	100.0	
SEX							
Men	16,389.5	52.3	14,613.0	51.9	1,776.5	55.6	
Women	14,940.8	47.7	13,520.7	48.1	1,420.1	44.4	
AGE GROUPS							
16-24	1,659.6	5.3	1,636.4	5.8	23.1	0.7	
25-34	4,365.2	13.9	4,285.6	15.2	79.7	2.5	
35-44	6,103.4	19.5	5,882.7	20.9	220.7	6.9	
45-54	6,490.5	20.7	6,018.0	21.4	472.6	14.8	
55-64	5,110.4	16.3	4,335.1	15.4	775.3	24.3	
65 or more	7,601.3	24.3	5,976.0	21.2	1,625.2	50.8	
NATIONALITY							
Spanish	28,398.9	90.6	25,259.7	89.8	3,139.2	98.2	
Foreign	2,931.4	9.4	2,874.1	10.2	57.3	1.8	

⁽¹⁾ These are persons with a degree of disability greater than or equal to 33% and who have been assimilated (according to Royal Legislative Decree 1/2013).

Disability⁽¹⁾and Social Security status

3. People with a registered employment relationship Year 2020. Absolute figures in thousands

	Total		Persons with	Persons without disabilities		Persons with disabilities	
	Absolute V.	Percentages	Absolute V.	Percentages	Absolute V.	Percentages	
TOTAL	21,630.8	100.0	21,005.9	100.0	624.9	100.0	
SEX							
Men	11,574.7	53.5	11,203.9	53.3	370.8	59.3	
Women	10,056.1	46.5	9,802.0	46.7	254.1	40.7	
AGE GROUPS							
16-24	1,549.0	7.2	1,530.8	7.3	18.3	2.9	
25-34	4,222.9	19.5	4,161.5	19.8	61.4	9.8	
35-44	5,811.8	26.9	5,686.1	27.1	125.7	20.1	
45-54	5,885.1	27.2	5,677.0	27.0	208.1	33.3	
55-64	3,757.7	17.4	3,566.8	17.0	190.9	30.5	
65 or more	404.5	1.9	383.9	1.8	20.6	3.3	
NATIONALITY							
Spanish	18,970.8	87.7	18,365.5	87.4	605.3	96.9	
Foreign	2,660.0	12.3	2,640.4	12.6	19.6	3.1	

⁽¹⁾ These are persons with a degree of disability greater than or equal to 33% and who have been assimilated (according to Royal Legislative Decree 1/2013).

4. People with a contributory benefit in Social Security Year 2020. Absolute figures in thousands

	Total	Total		Persons without disabilities		Persons with disabilities	
	Absolute V.	Percentages	Absolute V.	Percentages	Absolute V.	Percentages	
TOTAL	9,266.8	100.0	6,538.5	100.0	2,728.3	100.0	
SEX							
Men	4,734.2	51.1	3,200.0	48.9	1,534.2	56.2	
Women	4,532.6	48.9	3,338.5	51.1	1,194.1	43.8	
AGE GROUPS							
16-24	138.6	1.5	133.8	2.0	4.7	0.2	
25-34	44.3	0.5	23.4	0.4	21.0	0.8	
35-44	142.8	1.5	19.7	0.3	123.1	4.5	
45-54	414.8	4.5	87.9	1.3	327.0	12.0	
55-64	1,150.1	12.4	513.0	7.8	637.2	23.4	
65 or more	7,376.2	79.6	5,760.8	88.1	1,615.5	59.2	
NATIONALITY							
Spanish	9,103.9	98.2	6,415.8	98.1	2,688.2	98.5	
Foreign	162.9	1.8	122.7	1.9	40.2	1.5	

⁽¹⁾ These are persons with a degree of disability greater than or equal to 33% and who have been assimilated (according to Royal Legislative Decree 1/2013).

Disability Characteristics⁽¹⁾

5. Persons who have had a Social Security relationship by type and degree of disability Year 2020. Absolute figures in thousands

	Persons with disa	bilities
	Absolute V.	Percentages
TOTAL	3,196.5	100.0
TYPE OF DEFICIENCY		
Osteoarticular system	678.6	21.2
Neuromuscular system	189.5	5.9
Cardiovascular, immune and respiratory systems	215.3	6.7
Digestive, metabolic and endocrine systems	77.4	2.4
Others ⁽²⁾	282.1	8.8
Intellectual	114.1	3.6
Mental Disorder	318.7	10.0
Visual system	150.3	4.7
Auditory system	136.2	4.3
Not stated ⁽³⁾	1,034.4	32.4
DEGREE OF DISABILITY		
Grade 33% to 44%	1,009.7	31.6
Grade 45% to 64%	412.1	12.9
Grade 65% to 74%	446.4	14.0
Grade 75% and above	294.0	9.2
Not known ⁽³⁾	1,034.4	32.4

⁽¹⁾ These are persons with a degree of disability greater than or equal to 33% and who have been assimilated (according to Royal Legislative Decree 1/2013).

⁽²⁾ The disability group 'Others' includes persons with expressive, indeterminate and unknown disabilities, as well as persons registered with Social Security, for whom the type of disability is not available.

⁽³⁾ The group "No evidence" consists of pensioners who have a recognised permanent disability pension and are not registered in the BEPD.

Disability Characteristics(1)

6. Persons with a registered employment relationship according to type of disability Year 2020. Absolute figures in thousands

	Persons with disabilities		
	Absolute V.	Percentages	
TOTAL	624.9	100.0	
TYPE OF DEFICIENCY			
Osteoarticular system	152.8	24.4	
Neuromuscular system	43.7	7.0	
Cardiovascular, immune and respiratory systems	34.8	5.6	
Digestive, metabolic and endocrine systems	24.7	4.0	
Others ⁽²⁾	62.2	9.9	
Intellectual	47.7	7.6	
Mental Disorder	77.5	12.4	
Visual system	36.5	5.8	
Auditory system	49.0	7.8	
Not stated ⁽³⁾	96.1	15.4	
DEGREE OF DISABILITY			
Grade 33% to 44%	360.5	57.7	
Grade 45% to 64%	94.6	15.1	
Grade 65% to 74%	57.7	9.2	
Grade 75% and above	16.0	2.6	
Not known ⁽³⁾	96.1	15.4	

⁽¹⁾ These are persons with a degree of disability greater than or equal to 33% and who have been assimilated (according to Royal Legislative Decree 1/2013).

⁽²⁾ The disability group 'Others' includes persons with expressive, indeterminate and unknown disabilities, as well as persons registered with Social Security, for whom the type of disability is not available.

⁽³⁾ The group "No evidence" consists of pensioners who have a recognised permanent disability pension and are not registered in the BEPD.

Disability Characteristics(1)

7. Persons with a contributory benefit in Social Security according to type and grade of disability

Year 2020. Absolute figures in thousands

	Persons with disabilities		
	Absolute V.	Percentages	
TOTAL	2,728.3	100.0	
TYPE OF DEFICIENCY			
Osteoarticular system	555.5	20.4	
Neuromuscular system	150.5	5.5	
Cardiovascular, immune and respiratory systems	184.7	6.8	
Digestive, metabolic and endocrine systems	52.1	1.9	
Others ⁽²⁾	243.2	8.9	
Intellectual	66.7	2.4	
Mental Disorder	237.7	8.7	
Visual system	116.6	4.3	
Auditory system	87.0	3.2	
Not stated ⁽³⁾	1,034.4	37.9	
DEGREE OF DISABILITY			
Grade 33% to 44%	700.6	25.7	
Grade 45% to 64%	321.4	11.8	
Grade 65% to 74%	391.7	14.4	
Grade 75% and above	280.2	10.3	
Not known ⁽³⁾	1,034.4	37.9	

⁽¹⁾ These are persons with a degree of disability greater than or equal to 33% and who have been assimilated (according to Royal Legislative Decree 1/2013).

⁽²⁾ The disability group 'Others' includes persons with expressive, indeterminate and unknown disabilities, as well as persons registered with Social Security, for whom the type of disability is not available.

⁽³⁾ The group "No evidence" consists of pensioners who have a recognised permanent disability pension and are not registered in the BEPD.

Disability⁽¹⁾ by Autonomous Community

8. People who have had a relationship with Social Security, by Autonomous Community Year 2020. Absolute figures in thousands

	Total		Persons without of	disabilities	Persons with disabilities	
	Absolute V.	Percentages	Absolute V.	Percentages	Absolute V.	Percentages
TOTAL	31,330.3	100.0	28,133.8	100.0	3,196.5	100.0
Andalucía	5,349.6	17.1	4,749.4	16.9	600.3	18.8
Aragón	916.4	2.9	840.3	3.0	76.1	2.4
Asturias (Principado de)	694.3	2.2	581.5	2.1	112.8	3.5
Balears (Illes)	789.1	2.5	731.4	2.6	57.7	1.8
Canarias	1,347.5	4.3	1,232.1	4.4	115.4	3.6
Cantabria	395.2	1.3	342.0	1.2	53.2	1.7
Castilla y León	1,648.4	5.3	1,472.7	5.2	175.7	5.5
Castilla - La Mancha	1,331.7	4.3	1,190.4	4.2	141.3	4.4
Cataluña	5,321.7	17.0	4,747.4	16.9	574.3	18.0
Comunitat Valenciana	3,226.4	10.3	2,919.4	10.4	307.0	9.6
Extremadura	710.5	2.3	634.6	2.3	76.0	2.4
Galicia	1,874.8	6.0	1,623.9	5.8	250.9	7.8
Madrid (Comunidad de)	4,394.9	14.0	4,089.0	14.5	305.9	9.6
Murcia (Región de)	948.0	3.0	816.1	2.9	131.9	4.1
Navarra (Comunidad Foral de)	454.5	1.5	416.3	1.5	38.2	1.2
País Vasco	1,549.1	4.9	1,400.8	5.0	148.3	4.6
Rioja (La)	218.1	0.7	198.4	0.7	19.7	0.6
Ceuta y Melilla	79.7	0.3	70.4	0.3	9.3	0.3
No data recorded	80.6	0.3	77.9	0.3	2.8	0.1

⁽¹⁾ These are persons with a degree of disability greater than or equal to 33% and who have been assimilated (according to Royal Legislative Decree 1/2013).

Disability⁽¹⁾ by Autonomous Community

9. Persons with a registered employment relationship by Autonomous Community Year 2020. Absolute figures in thousands

	Total		Persons without of	disabilities	Persons with disabilities	
	Absolute V.	Percentages	Absolute V.	Percentages	Absolute V.	Percentages
TOTAL	21,630.8	100.0	21,005.9	100.0	624.9	100.0
Andalucía	3,738.5	17.3	3,635.1	17.3	103.4	16.5
Aragón	634.3	2.9	620.4	3.0	13.9	2.2
Asturias (Principado de)	411.7	1.9	395.2	1.9	16.5	2.6
Balears (Illes)	593.1	2.7	579.2	2.8	13.8	2.2
Canarias	965.9	4.5	942.1	4.5	23.8	3.8
Cantabria	257.8	1.2	247.4	1.2	10.4	1.7
Castilla y León	1,052.9	4.9	1,019.8	4.9	33.2	5.3
Castilla - La Mancha	926.6	4.3	893.3	4.3	33.3	5.3
Cataluña	3,711.3	17.2	3,605.0	17.2	106.4	17.0
Comunitat Valenciana	2,226.1	10.3	2,165.1	10.3	61.0	9.8
Extremadura	473.0	2.2	457.7	2.2	15.3	2.5
Galicia	1,152.4	5.3	1,113.8	5.3	38.6	6.2
Madrid (Comunidad de)	3,223.0	14.9	3,141.8	15.0	81.2	13.0
Murcia (Región de)	694.6	3.2	665.4	3.2	29.2	4.7
Navarra (Comunidad Foral de)	320.4	1.5	312.5	1.5	7.8	1.3
País Vasco	1,030.1	4.8	1,001.0	4.8	29.2	4.7
Rioja (La)	151.3	0.7	146.7	0.7	4.7	0.7
Ceuta y Melilla	59.2	0.3	55.8	0.3	3.4	0.5
No data recorded						

⁽¹⁾ These are persons with a degree of disability greater than or equal to 33% and who have been assimilated (according to Royal Legislative Decree 1/2013).

Disability⁽¹⁾ by Autonomous Community

10. People with a contributory benefit in Social Security Year 2020. Absolute figures in thousands

	Total		Persons without disabilities		Persons with disabilities	
	Absolute V.	Percentages	Absolute V.	Percentages	Absolute V.	Percentages
TOTAL	9,266.8	100.0	6,538.5	100.0	2,728.3	100.0
Andalucía	1,496.2	16.1	967.6	14.8	528.6	19.4
Aragón	283.8	3.1	217.5	3.3	66.3	2.4
Asturias (Principado de)	275.4	3.0	175.3	2.7	100.2	3.7
Balears (Illes)	181.1	2.0	133.2	2.0	47.9	1.8
Canarias	324.9	3.5	228.0	3.5	96.9	3.6
Cantabria	135.7	1.5	90.7	1.4	45.0	1.6
Castilla y León	588.2	6.3	436.4	6.7	151.8	5.6
Castilla - La Mancha	381.4	4.1	263.8	4.0	117.6	4.3
Cataluña	1,567.9	16.9	1,079.3	16.5	488.6	17.9
Comunitat Valenciana	936.9	10.1	675.8	10.3	261.1	9.6
Extremadura	224.2	2.4	158.0	2.4	66.3	2.4
Galicia	703.9	7.6	479.5	7.3	224.4	8.2
Madrid (Comunidad de)	1,119.8	12.1	878.2	13.4	241.6	8.9
Murcia (Región de)	237.3	2.6	130.3	2.0	107.0	3.9
Navarra (Comunidad Foral de)	137.5	1.5	104.7	1.6	32.8	1.2
País Vasco	520.6	5.6	393.1	6.0	127.6	4.7
Rioja (La)	66.7	0.7	50.4	0.8	16.3	0.6
Ceuta y Melilla	15.7	0.2	9.8	0.1	5.9	0.2
No data recorded						

⁽¹⁾ These are persons with a degree of disability greater than or equal to 33% and who have been assimilated (according to Royal Legislative Decree 1/2013).

Disability⁽¹⁾ and affiliation

11. Employment affiliations registered according to contribution system Year 2020. Absolute figures in thousands

	Total		Persons without disabilities		Persons with disabilities	
	Absolute V.	Percentages	Absolute V.	Percentages	Absolute V.	Percentages
TOTAL	39,393.1	100.0	38,418.5	100.0	974.6	100.0
General Regime	35,324.2	89.7	34,430.1	89.6	894.2	91.7
Freelancer S.R.	3,726.2	9.5	3,648.3	9.5	77.9	8.0
Seafarers S.R. and Coalminers S.R.	342.7	0.9	340.2	0.9	2.5	0.3

⁽¹⁾ These are persons with a degree of disability greater than or equal to 33% and who have been assimilated (according to Royal Legislative Decree 1/2013).

12. Employment affiliations registered as an employee according to contract type Year 2020. Absolute figures in thousands

	Total		Persons without disabilities		Persons with disabilities	
	Absolute V.	Percentages	Absolute V.	Percentages	Absolute V.	Percentages
TOTAL	34,147.2	100.0	33,271.8	100.0	875.4	100.0
Permanent-Full time	8,945.5	26.2	8,703.6	26.2	241.9	27.6
Permanent-Part time	2,235.6	6.5	2,154.0	6.5	81.6	9.3
Non-continuous permanent contracts	1,392.2	4.1	1,361.6	4.1	30.6	3.5
Temporary-Full time	14,131.1	41.4	13,819.7	41.5	311.4	35.6
Temporary-Part time	5,914.7	17.3	5,749.0	17.3	165.7	18.9
No data recorded	1,528.2	4.5	1,484.0	4.5	44.1	5.0

⁽¹⁾ These are persons with a degree of disability greater than or equal to 33% and who have been assimilated (according to Royal Legislative Decree 1/2013).

13. Affiliates registered according to number of days worked in the year Year 2020. Absolute figures in thousands

	Total		Persons without disabilities		Persons with disabilities	
	Absolute V.	Percentages	Absolute V.	Percentages	Absolute V.	Percentages
TOTAL	21,630.8	100.0	21,005.9	100.0	624.9	100.0
From one day to less than a month	693.9	3.2	663.9	3.2	30.0	4.8
From one month to less than 2 months	599.8	2.8	575.7	2.7	24.1	3.9
From 2 months to less than 4 months	1,151.0	5.3	1,111.9	5.3	39.0	6.2
From 4 months to less than 6 months	960.3	4.4	925.9	4.4	34.4	5.5
From 6 months to less than 9 months	1,547.7	7.2	1,496.3	7.1	51.4	8.2
From 9 months to less than a year	2,248.8	10.4	2,181.8	10.4	67.1	10.7
All year	14,429.4	66.7	14,050.4	66.9	379.0	60.6

⁽¹⁾ These are persons with a degree of disability greater than or equal to 33% and who have been assimilated (according to Royal Legislative Decree 1/2013).

Disability⁽¹⁾ and age of first employment registration (for those born after 1960)

14. Age of first employment registration (for those born after 1960) Year 2020. Absolute figures in years

	Total	Persons without disabilities	Persons with disabilities Absolute V.	
	Absolute V.	Absolute V.		
TOTAL	21.9	21.9	20.8	
SEX				
Men	21.3	21.4	20.0	
Women	22.5	22.5	22.0	
AGE GROUPS				
16-29	20.0	20.0	20.1	
30-34	20.4	20.4	19.6	
35-39	20.9	21.0	19.3	
40-44	22.1	22.1	20.2	
45-49	22.5	22.7	20.4	
50-54	23.4	23.5	21.4	
55-59	23.6	23.9	21.5	
60-64	22.6	22.9	20.6	
NATIONALITY				
Spanish	20.7	20.8	20.4	
Foreign	29.6	29.6	31.2	

⁽¹⁾ These are persons with a degree of disability greater than or equal to 33% and who have been assimilated (according to Royal Legislative Decree 1/2013).

The population used in indicator calculation is all those persons born after 1960, who have some relationship with Social Security in the reference year and who have been registered for employment at some time in their life. According to the OSPL guide, certain prior affiliation relationships may not be registered in the databases. The OSPL reflects only a small part of the labour relations prior to 1966 and there are significant gaps during some of the years immediately afterwards. For this reason, the date of first enrolment should not be equated with the first iob.